"Introduction to JGU's research data management services, the FAIR data principles and the rules for good research practice with regard to research data."

November, 20th 2025

Esther Reineke, Tina Rotzal und Dr. Anne Vieten

JOHANNES GUTENBERG UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ





TODAY'S PROGRAM

09:00 - 09:30:	"Introduction to JGU's research data management services, the FAIR data principles and the rules for good research practice with regard to research data." Dr. Anne Vieten, Esther Reineke, Tina Rotzal
09:30 - 10:00:	"Managing research data with RDMO." Sarah Wettermann
10:00 - 10:30:	"Gutenberg Open Science: Das Open-Access-Repositorium für Publikationen und Forschungsdaten an der JGU."Karin Eckert
10:30 - 10:45:	Break
10:45 - 11:15:	"The iRODS Research Data Archive of the JGU: Introduction to its usage" Dr. Jörg Steinkamp
11:15 –11:45:	"From Paper to Digital: Introduction to the Electronic Lab Notebook eLabFTW" Lukas Hellmann
11:45 - 12:15:	"Gutenberg Images - die komfortable, flexible Bilddatenbank der Universitätsbibliothek Mainz."

THE TEAM OF RESEARCH DATA EXPERTS

- **Dr. Anne Vieten** (Department for Research and Technology Transfer): General RDM aspects, RDM-requirements of funders, DMPs, data publication ...
- Dr. Jörg Steinkamp (Data Center): iRODS data archive, data archiving, technical RDM aspects, GitLab, ...
- **Sarah Wettermann** (Data Center): Research Data Management Organiser (RDMO) DMPs, technical RDM aspects
- Karin Eckert (University library): Gutenberg Open Science, metadata, data publication, ...
- Esther Reinecke and Tina Rotzal (University library): Good research practice, academic integrity

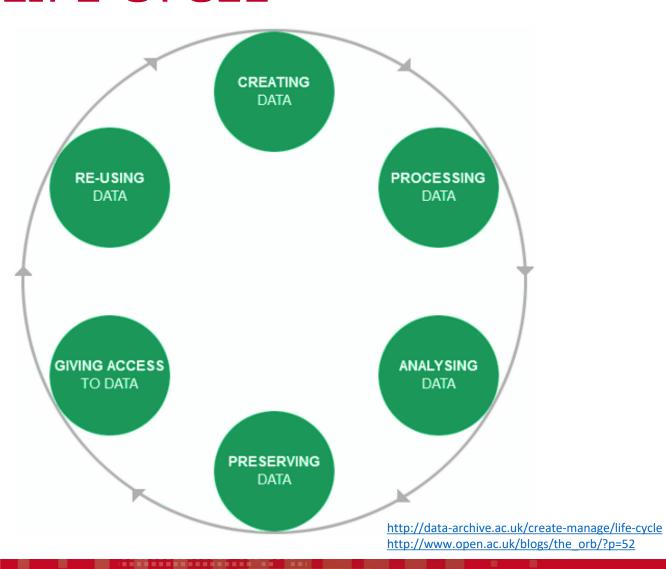
Associated to the Team:

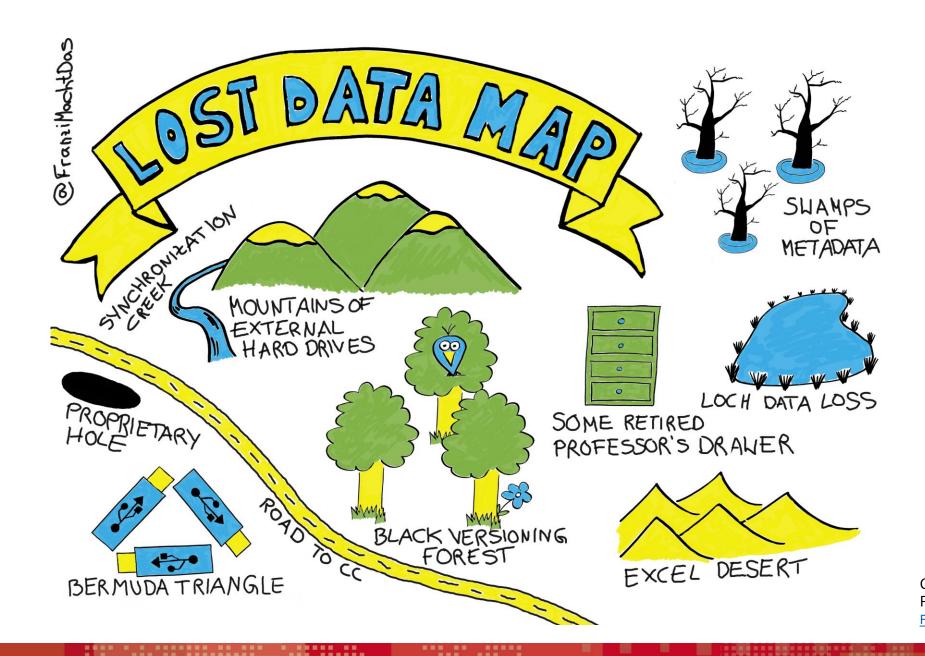
Lukas Hellmann (Department for Biology): Electronic Lab Notebook eLabFTW

Contact: forschungsdaten@uni-mainz.de; https://www.forschungsdaten.uni-mainz.de/

THE RESEARCH DATA LIFE CYCLE

... describes all steps of research data management





CC BY-SA 4.0 Franziska Mau FranziMachtDas – Sketches, Zeug & der tägliche Wahnsinn

RDM CONSULTING SERVICES AT JGU

RDM in general

- RDM-basics
- Requirements of third-party funders for RDM and open data
- Creation of data management plans and RDMO
- Support in the creation of projectspecific FDM policies
- Technical RDM questions

Contact: forschungsdaten@uni-mainz.de

Data publication and archiving

- JGU repositories
- Archiving data in iRODS
- Metadata standards
- Requirements for permanent archiving
- Data publication (Open Data)
- Persistent addressing (DOI, URN, etc.)
- Author identification via ORCID
- Interdisciplinary visibility for research data
- Data citation

TRAININGS AND EVENTS

Training courses: https://www.forschungsdaten.uni-mainz.de

- Requirements of third-party funders for RDM and Open Data
- RDM introduction
- Research Data Management Organiser DMP
- GitLab
- Data citation
- ORCHID
- You can also attend courses offered by the two RMU partners of JGU, Goethe University Frankfurt and Technical University Darmstadt. You can find these courses on the <u>RMU website</u>.

Informational events:

- RDM days at JGU
- FORSCHUNGSDATEN@RMU

RDM-INFRASTRUCTURES AT JGU

Research Data Management Organiser (RDMO): <u>Data management planning (DMP) tool</u>

iRODS based Archive: Research data archive

GitLab: Tool for code (and text) versioning

eLabFTW: Electronic Lab Notebook

Gutenberg Open Science: Repository for open access publications and research data

Gutenberg Capture: Repository for Historical Sources

Gutenberg Images: <u>Image Database</u>

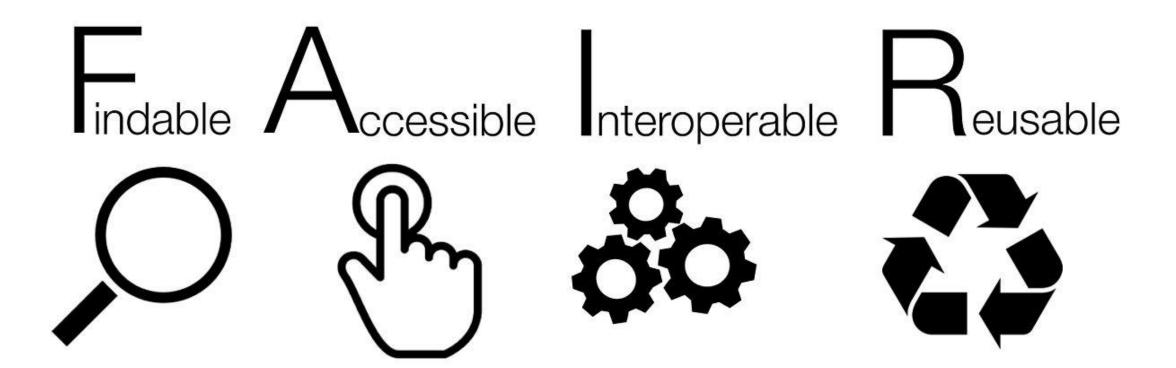
IRODS ARCHIVE – GUTENBERG OPEN SCIENCE





What is used for what purpose?

THE FAIR DATA PRINCIPLES



Quelle: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:FAIR_data_principles.jpg
Autor: SangyaPundir Titel: "FAIR Guiding principles for data resources" (17.11.2016)

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FAIR DATA

Short Keyword – High Impact!

HOW TO MAKE DATA FINDABLE?



- Describe research datasets with metadata
- Metadata is indexed in a searchable directory or repository
- Publication of research data, if applicable
- Provide research data (metadata) with persistent identifiers (DOI, URN etc.)

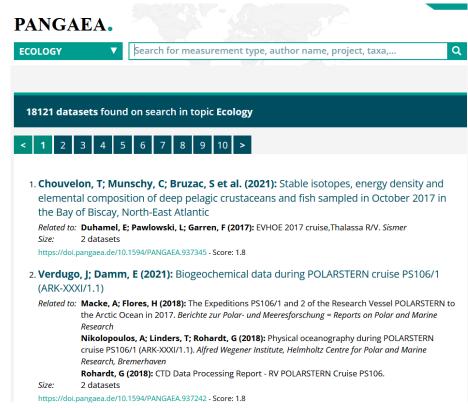


HOW TO MAKE DATA ACCESSIBLE?



- Metadata and/or actual data are easily accessible
- Metadata available even if actual data is not accessible
- Defined licensing and access conditions





HOW TO MAKE DATA INTEROPERABLE?



- Data are combinable with other data sets by humans or computers.
- Use of non-proprietary, open and described or commonly used formats

Recommended formats

<u>Tables:</u> CSV, TSV, SPSS portable <u>Text:</u> TXT, HTML, RDF, PDF/A <u>Image:</u> TIFF, JPEG2000, PNG <u>Multimedia:</u> AVI, WAV, MP4

HOW TO MAKE DATA REUSEABLE?



 Data are in a form in which they can be used for further research and processing with computer-aided methods

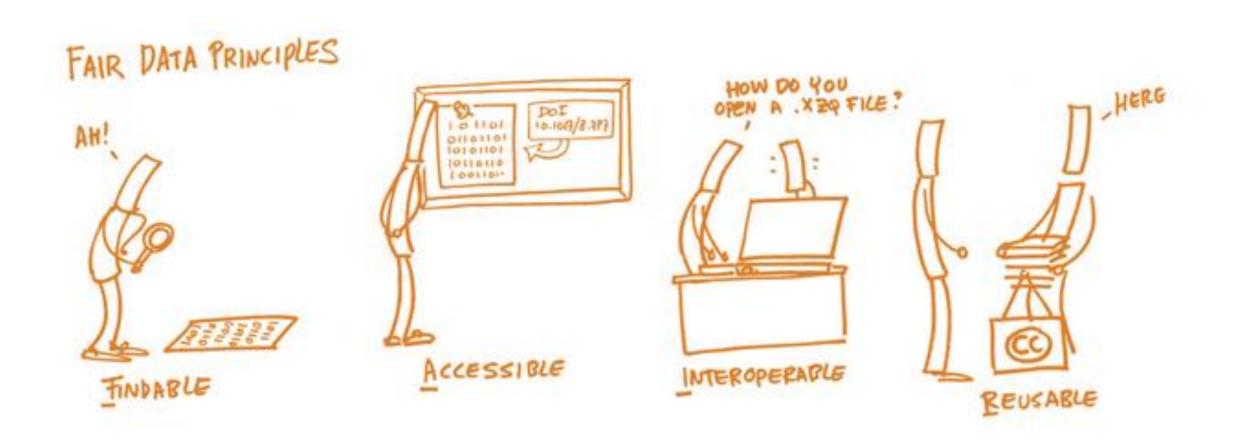
Recommended formats

<u>Tables:</u> CSV, TSV, SPSS portable <u>Text:</u> TXT, HTML, RDF, PDF/A <u>Image:</u> TIFF, JPEG2000, PNG <u>Multimedia:</u> AVI, WAV, MP4

Data Cite (Metadata) Basic Scheme

- Identifier
- Creators
- Title
- Publisher
- Publication year
- Subject
- Language
- Resource type
- Description





Picture: Open Science Training Handbook | Zenodo CCO

GOOD RESEARCH PRACTICE

REGULATIONS

for ensuring good research practice and for dealing with research misconduct

of Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz dated February 13, 2023



gwp.uni-mainz.de (German) grp.uni-mainz.de (English)

Persons involved in research at JGU are obliged

- 1. to work in accordance with the accepted rules of their scientific discipline (lege artis)
- 2. to document and archive research findings in accordance with the rules of their discipline,
- 3. to be stringently honest when handling contributions from third parties,
- 4. to assess the consequences resulting from their research and the ethical aspects thereof,
- 5. to consistently question their own research findings and those of others,
- 6. to allow and encourage critical discourse in the scientific community, and
- 7. to conduct themselves in an academically fair and collegial manner.



- "1. All information and steps in the research process relevant to the production of research findings must be documented in such a comprehensible manner as is necessary and appropriate in the concerned field to enable the verification and evaluation of these findings.
- 2. Documentation includes all relevant sub-steps of the research process. In particular, the following is considered required:
 - 1. the research data and findings collected, how they were generated, and how they have been used,
 - 2. the applied methods, evaluations, analyses, and interpretations,
 - 3. the intellectual property of others that has been used, and
 - 4. source codes (in the development of research software).
- 3. Individual results that do not corroborate the research hypothesis or interpretation must also be documented in order to be able to properly verify and evaluate overall findings. Ignoring such individual results opposes the goal of verification and evaluation and is therefore unacceptable.
- 4. If, in individual cases, documentation or parts thereof cannot be made or can only be made to a limited extent for technical, comprehensible reasons, this must be explained transparently and comprehensibly and be documented.
- 5. Documentation and research findings may not be manipulated and must therefore be protected against unauthorized access and manipulation to the greatest extent possible."



Data collection and software development in accordance with subject-specific standards

Respect copyright and data protection

Note the rights of use of research data

Publication of research data is based on the FAIR Guiding Principles

Archiving for at least 10 years (e.g. JGU Data Center's research data archive)

No handpicking data, archive also the data that does not support the original research hypothesis

- "(…) The type and scope of research data generated as well as the applied methods and evaluation and analysis steps must be described in an understandable and comprehensive manner (…) " (Subsection 1)
- "The collection and use of research data must **comply with legal requirements**, in particular with regard to copyright and data protection." (Subsection 3)
- "(...) The use of research data belongs primarily to the person who collects it, subject to copyright regulations. A transparent agreement on the right to use the research data and findings from a project must be concluded as part of research collaborations and within work groups. (...) "(Subsection 4)
- "In keeping with the principles of scientific transparency and traceability, research data underlying a publication should be published if this is feasible and reasonable. The publication of research data is based on the FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship (Findability, Accessibility, Interoperability, Reusability). Research data must be published in a form that enables others to replicate the findings. (...) " (Subsection 5)

- "Research data underlying a publication are made accessible and stored in longterm readable formats for at least 10 years at the author's own institution or in repositories or archives for research data across different sites. Exceptions exist for data that must be destroyed for legal or other science-based reasons. The JGU Data Center's research data archive is recommended for archiving research data at the university. The storage period begins on the date that public access to the research findings is established. The project managers of a research project are primarily responsible for this." (subsection 6)

- "The storage requirements specified in Subsection 6 also apply to research data that does not support the original research hypothesis. Handpicking data that could distort the findings is unacceptable. In every instance where individual data points and results cannot be included for comprehensible reasons – in particular as part of a publication – this must be indicated in an appropriate form. Section 5 Subsection 4 applies accordingly." (Subsection 7)



More information on our website **grp.uni-mainz.de**

GWP

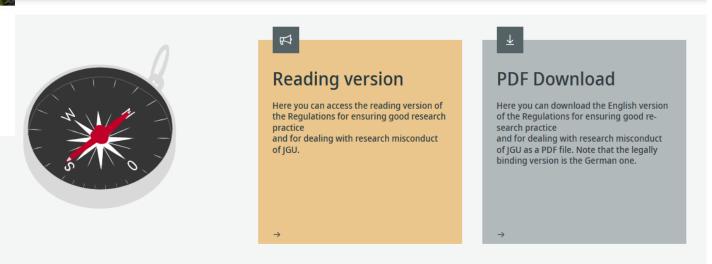
Orders / regulations

Contact points
Information
FAQs

V

Today

Always keep an eye on scientific integrity!



JGU policies and national regulations

National regulations and recommendations

International regulations and recommendations

- Guidelines for handling research data
- Open Access Policy of the JGU
- Publication guidelines of the JGU
- JGU Mainz guidelines for the promotion of young researchers
- Guidelines for a supervision agreement at JGU
- Samples of supervision agreements at JGU

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Questions?



Abb.: Sketchnotes & Sketches - FranziMachtDas CC_BY-SA 4-0.png CC-BY-SA 4.0 Franziska Mau